## ON LEGISLATIVE BILL

Use of Public Building for Inaugural Ball Forb dden.

UNANIMOUS ACTION BY HOUSE

Pension Appropriation Bill Passed by Senate.

MR. PATTERSON EXPLAINS

This was the day in the House which belonged, under the rules, to the committee on war claims, but Mr. Mahon (Pa.), chairman of that committee, announced that he did not desire to antagonize the legislative appropriation bill, and asked that the day following the disposal of the oleomargarine bill be given to that commit-tee. There was no objection and the order was made.

The House then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the legislative appropriation bill.

Mr. Smith of Arizona offered an amendment to increase the salary of the governor of that territory from \$3,000 to \$5,000, and used his amendment as a text for an assault upon the appropriations committee for discriminating against Arizona. New Mexico and Oklahoma and in favor of Hawaii in the matter of salaries for executive and judicial officers.

Mr. Hemenway (Ind.), in charge of the bill, called attention to the fact that salaries in Hawaii were fixed by statute and that the salaries in the territories compared favorably with similar salaries in

the states.

Mr. Smith's amendment was ruled out on a point of order. A Debate Unon Cuba.

A debate upon Cuba was precipitated in the House by Mr. Robinson (Ind.), who criticised the salaries paid in the Philippines. He suggested to Mr. Newlands (Nev.) that he should add to his Cuban annexation resolution a provision that such annexation would be in line with the government's colonial policy. Mr. Newlands declared that his resolution did not contemplate the perpetration of the colonial policy, but it was the declared intention to have Cuba ultimately admitted as a state. He said that immediate relief was necessary to prevent a crisis in Cuba. Forbidden Use of Pension Building.

An amendment was offered to the bill and after discussion unanimously adopted, providing that no public building or the approaches thereto, except the Capitol and the Wihte House, shall be used for the inaugural ceremonies or for any public function, except as may be authorized by law. This amendment was offered by Mr. Bell of Colorado, who, in explaining it, made a severe criticism of the last inaugural committee for their failure to reimburse the War Department for damages done to the gate granite pillars before the entrance to that building by the burning of the inaugural reviewing stand. He said this refusal was made notwithstanding the fact that the committee had \$5,000 surplus in their treasury. Mr. Bell went on to say that the use of the pension bureau for the inaugural ball was an item of immense expense to the government, both in the preparation necessary for that function and in throwing the many clerks in that bureau out of employment for several days.

No objection was made to the amendment and it was agreed to unanimously. The effect of the amendment, if it is agreed to in the Senate, will be to make the use of the pension bureau unavailable for the inaugural ball in the future.

When the Senate convened today it disagreed to the amendments of the House on the urgent deficiency bill, agreed to the conference asked and appointed Senators Hale, Allison and Teller as conferees on the part of the Senate.

A bill appropriating \$200,000 for the erection of a public building at Newcastle, Pa., was passed at the request of Mr. Quay Righ), erroneously reported to have been (Pa.), who asked this indulgence of the Senate as, under orders of his physician, he | Colombia, was cruising off this island last would be obliged tomorrow to leave the night and was off the coast of Curacoa at city for an indefinite period.

Senator Patterson Explains.

At the conclusion of routine business Mr. Patterson (Col.) made a personal explanation of what he had said yesterday concerning Gov. Taft's attitude toward the treason and sedition laws enacted by the Philippine commission. Gov. Taft, he said, had made a statement before the Philippine committee, in which he said that Mr. Patterson, inadvertently no doubt, had con veyed a wrong impression to the Senate and to the country as to his attitude to-ward those laws. Mr. Patterson's statement, Gov. Taft said, had put him in the attitude of criticising his colleagues on the The particular statute was enacted while he was ill, but by anything he may have said he did not intend to convey the impression that he was opposed to laws enacted. The responsibility for their enactment was as much his as of his col-

Mr. Patterson said he had stated in his own way the impression Gov. Taft's original statement had made upon him. That impression, he said, was wrong. Taft not only does not disagree with the law." he added, "out approves of it as peculiarly necessary." Mr. Patterson disclaimed any intention

or desire to misrepresent Gov. Taft. Pension Bill Passed.

The Senate later began the consideration of the pension appropriation bill, which it passed, and then resumed consideration of the Philippine tariff bill. Mr. Turner (Wash.) took the floor and spoke against the bill and general policy of the republican party in connection with the islands. Gallinger offered an amendment prohibiting the collection of any fee of compensation for aiding in securing the passage by Congress of any special pen-

In response to an inquiry he said that the number of special pension bills intro-duced in Congress at this session probably was larger than ever before, nearly 5,000 having been introduced in the House alone. The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Pritchard (N.C.) offered an amendment providing that a man who had served in the confederate army, but subsequently had served in the Union army, should have a pensionable status.

point of order against the amendment by Mr. Gallinger was sustained.
Mr. Pritchard, evincing evidence of his disappointment at the loss of his amend-ment, gave notice that he would see that not many bills will hereafter go through until something is done in the direction of granting the relief desired.

A bill appropriating \$160,000 for a public Winston-Salem, N. C., was

### RESTRICTION OF IMMIGRATION.

Assistant Secretary Taylor Before the

House Committee. Assistant Secretary Taylor of the Treas ury Department was before the House committee on immigration today in reference to the bill of Representative Shattuc of Ohio, codifying and extending the immigration laws. Mr. Taylor disapproved the provision allowing the immigration commissioner to fix regulations and make certain appointments, as such authority was said to belong to the Secretary of th Treasury. He said the present head tax of \$1 was sufficient, and yielded a surplus. As to the proposed educational test, Mr. Taylor pointed out that many of the best settlers in the west were without educa-tional qualifications, and that the criminal was usually able to pass an edu

Death of Trooper Plunkett. The War Department is advised of the death of Private Plunkett, Troop I, 11th Regiment, United States Cavalry, February 2, 1901. on voyage of transport Buford from New York to Gibraltar. The cause of death was acute articular rheumatism.

COURT HEARS ARGUMENTS

VALIDITY OF TITLE OF JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Proceedings Instituted for Writ of Quo Warranto, Involving Recent Appointments.

Arguments were heard today by Justice Clabaugh of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia in connection with the rule directing Samuel C. Mills to show by what warrant he claims to hold, use, enjoy and exercise the office of justice of the peace. The rule was issued upon proceedings being instituted for writ of quo warranto by Catherine N. Thompson, the issue constituting a test case to determine the validity of the appointment of the

justices of the peace now serving. Mrs. Thompson, who is represented by Attorneys W. H. Sholes and R. B. Behrend, contends that Mr. Mills is not lawfully exercising the office of justice of the peace. Ten justices, it is explained, were provided by the new code. Before it became opera-tive the President appointed the justices and the Senate confirmed them and they subscribed to the oath of office. According to the petiltoner, the appointment of Mr. Mills, his confirmation and the taking of the oath of office were without authoriy of law, they occurring prior to the time

the code became operative.

The case grew out of a decision rendered against Mrs. Thompson in a suit brought by Wm. C. Green to recover possession of premises 1309 Yale street from her.

Mr. Ashley M. Gould, United States at-orney for the District of Columbia, and Attorneys McKenney, Flannery and Mendenhall opposed the granting of the writ of quo warranto. United States Attorney Gould raised the point that Mrs. Thompson had no interest that entitled her to appear as relator, and that on the merits of the case the appointments of the justices of the peace were made according to law, and that the President had the right to appoint the justices before the act under which they were to serve went into effect. It was pointed out by Mr. Gould that Mrs. Thomp-son's proper remedy, if she was dissatisfied with the ruling of Justice of the Peace legality of the appointment of the justices.

#### DRANK POISONED WATER.

John Zaginski and His Three Children Victims of Malice.

PITTSBURG, Pa., February 7.-John Zaginski, a wealthy Pole of Homestead, and his three children, aged from three to nine years, are dangerously ill from the effects of drinking water from a well, alleged to have been poisoned by quicksilver. Zaginski alleges it was spite work.

There are two artesian wells on his property, and it has been the custom of the neighbors to draw their drinking water from them. Recently one of the pumps was broken by an unknown party, and Zaginski placed a lock on the other. He alleges that a neighbor woman demanded the key and upon refusal to let her have it, she threatened to fix him by putting quick-silver in the well. When the water was pumped out this morning quicksilver was discovered. The physician says Zaginski may recover, but that the children will die.

ARRESTED FOR SMUGGLING.

F. T. Burton Had \$1,200 Worth of Oplum With Him. SAN FRANCISCO, February 7 .- The cus om house officials here have arrested Frank T. Burton on a charge of smuggling.

With him was captured a trunk containing opium valued at \$1,200, which had been shipped from Tacoma to Oakland. The authorities believe that Burton is connected with the gang that for some time has been successfully smuggling opium across the Canadian border. Burton was caught in the act of opening the trunk. He claims and says he got the trunk for a friend.

LIBERTADTOR OFF CURACOA.

Insurgent Warship Will Try to Land

WILLEMSTAD, Island of Curacoa, February 7.-The Venezuelan revolutionary steamer Libertador (formerly the Ban sunk by a Venezuelan gunboat at Porto 4 o'clock this morning. She communicated with the shore by boat, and must have steamed away shortly after 4 a.m. It is believed that the French cruiser d'Estrees, which arrived here during the morning disturbed the operations of the Libertador. It is said that the landing of war munitions on the Venezuelan coast by the Libertador will now be very actively pushed. PANAMA, Colombia, February 7 .- Col. Julien Del Castillo, an envoy from General Herrera, the insurgent commander, arrived here last night, escorted by police, and left Panama at 10 o'clock. Governor Arjona received important papers from Colonel Del Castillo for himself and the foreign consuls.

A conference of the consuls is in prog-

Schooner Jennie C. May Ashore. HIGHLAND LIGHT, Mass., February 7. The three-masted schooner Jennie C. May, coal raden, from Philadelphia for Boston, went ashore on Peaked Hill bar last night. She is in a dangerous position and

leaking, but her captain refuses to leave The Jennie C. May registers 882 tons gross and 745 net. She is 177 feet in length; was built at Bath, Me., in 1889, and hails from

Bridgeport, Conn. The Ship L. Schepp Floated.

NEW YORK, February 7 .- The ship L. Schepp, from Hong Kong, which went ashore on February 3 off Point Lookout, was floated early today and started for this port in tow.

Steamship Arrivals. At New York-Fuerst Bismarck, from Alexandria and Naples; Patricia, from

Hamburg.

Death of Aged English Painter.

LONDON, February 7.-Thomas Sidney looper, the painter, who had exhibited at the Royal Academy for sixty-seven consecutive years, died today at his residence, Vernon Holme, Harbledown, the spot near anterbury immortalized by Chaucer. Mr. Cooper, who was the oldest academician nad been ill for some time. He was born

Lourens Erasmus Captured. MATJESFONTEIN, Cape Colony, Februry 7 .- Lourens Erasmus, better known under the name of Commandant Marais, has been captured in the neighborhood of Laingsburg. Marais was the leader of the Boers who operated in the Zwart Kop range in 1901.

E. F. Walker Arrested at Taunton. TAUNTON, Mass., February 7.-Edwin F. Walker, former paymaster at the Mason Machine works here, was arrested today and held in \$1,500 bonds for a hearing on charges of larceny and embezzlement. Mr. Walker had previously been arrested on the charge of larceny of \$6,657. It is alieged that Walker secured money illegally from his employers by raising bids on contract work.

Fort Myer to Send Horses. The commanding officer of Fort Myer, Va., has been ordered to send to Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., seventy-two artillery and forty-eight cavalry horses.

The Buford at Gibraltar.

Quartermaster General Ludington has re ceived a cable message announcing the arrival of the transport Buford at Gibraltar this morning with all well on board. The Buford left New York on the 23d ultimo and carries the Fort Myer squadron of the 11th Cavairy and the Plattsburg barracks battalion of the 27th Infantry.

GOVERNMENT ADVANCE PROPOSED.

Local Improvements Calling for au Appropriation of \$11,000.0 A bill was introduced in the Senate today by Mr. McMillan, by request, authorizing certain municipal improvements in the District of Columbia and the anticipation of the revenues of the District for the purposes specified. The bill appropriates \$11.087.000.50. which is to be used for constructing a filtration reservoir, completing the sewage disposal system, improving streets and reclaiming the Anacostia flats.
This money is to be distributed for these

This money is to be distributed for these several purposes as follows: Filtration, \$1,-767,277.50; sewage disposal, \$2,680,097; streets, roads, etc., \$5,000,000; Anacostia flats, \$1,620,095.

Money for the above purposes is to be temporarily advanced by the Secretary of the Treasury from the funds of the United States according to the provisions of the States according to the provisions of the

Mr. McMillan also introduced a bill fo the extension of 8th street, or Wright's road, northward to Irving street through lot 4 of Wright & Dole's subdivision with the full width of the lot.

### NO CONCLUSION REACHED.

But Revision Committee May Report Before Adjournment.

PHILADELPHIA, February 7.-By unanimous vote the Presbyterian committee on creed revision decided to devote both sessions today to the consideration of a brief statement of the confession of faith which will prove acceptable to the entire Presbyterian Church. After the morning session it was announced that the committee were in harmony on the subject, but that no definite conclusion had as yet been

The committee have not fixed any time for final adjournment, and it is probable that the sessions will continue until a that the sessions will continue until a complete report has been prepared for the next general assembly.

FOUR PERISH IN FIRE. Residence of Wm. Robertson, Near Paw Paw, W. Va., Burns.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. CUMBERIAND, Md., February 7 .- This morning at an early hour the residence of Wm. Robertson, on the Maryland side of the Potomac river, near Paw Paw, W. Va., a short distance east of here, was entirely destroyed by fire. Four members of the family, who were in bed asleep, perished in the flames. Information concerning the tragedy is meager.

EVERETT-MOORE SYNDICATE. Partial Report of Auditing Committee

is Encouraging. CLEVELAND, Ohio, February 7 .- The experts employed by the bankers' committee of the Everett-Moore syndicate to examine into the physical and financial condition of the Federal Telephone Company and its twenty-three subsidiary companies have made a partial report. All of the plants now in operation are said to be in the best possible physical condition, and with one or two exceptions the subsidiary companies are said to be earning from fair to excellent returns on investments. The net annual earnings of the combined properties, it is understood, aggregate nearly \$400,000. The net earnings of the United States Telephone Company (long distance), as indicated by the report, shows an operating profit of about \$115,000 for the past

The complete report of the expert ac-countants will, it is said, be finished within a few days, when exact figures will be As a result of the favorable showing thus far indicated by the experts, members of the bankers' committee, it is said, feel inclined to hold the properties intact, with possibly a few exceptions. It is admitted

properties at Detroit, Dayton and one or two other points, where the plants have not been completed, will probably be

FOR AMERICAN TRADE.

Joint Steamship Service Between United States and Levantine Ports. Consul Ravadall at Beirut has advised the State Department that the Hamburg-American Line and the Deutsche Levante Line will establish a joint steamship service between the United States and levantine ports, the former company to manage the American end of the enterprise and the latter to superintendent operations in Mediterranean ports of call in Europe, Asia and

Africa. "As stated time and again," says Consul Ravadall, "in commercial reports from this China, Australia, India and proceed home consulate, in the lack of direct and regular by London, arriving in Chicago, January 1, steamship facilities lies the principal impediment to the progress of American trade with Syria and Palestine, and, indeed, with all levantine countries. The annual foreign trade of Greece, Turkey and Egypt amounts to nearly \$200,000,000 in imports and more than \$150,000,000 in exports. Cyprus buys year, and the Black sea ports are also heavy importers. The commerce of the Levant is vet in its infancy; but the above of the world are well worth cultivating. If it is fair to presume that the next few years will witness a decided American trade revival in the Levant."

### WANT FRIARS EXPELLED.

Insular Presidentes in Philippines Will Petition Mgr. Sbaretti. MANILA, February 7 .- The insular presidentes will present a petition to Mgr. Sbaretti, the apostolic delegate in the Philippines, on his arrival here from Rome. praying for the expulsion of the friars and friar bishops in the interests of the church,

as the Filipinos consider them unfit to serve in the house of God. A majority of the presidentes have already signed the petition. The chamber of commerce today adopted a memorial to Congress urging legislation appointment of two additional Philippine

commissioners, to be Americans, with com-mercial and industrial experience. Chaffee reviewed 4,000 troops today The department of instruction is prepar-

ing a school of telegraphy, in order to obtain civilians to replace the military op-

Late Army Orders. Capt. E. C. Carey, 30th Infantry, has been granted an extension of leave for two

months on account of sickness. Col. H. H. C. Dunwoody, signal officer, has been ordered to Conshohocken, Pa., to inspect certain iron telegraph poles intended for the military service and for shipment

to Manila, P. I.
First Lieut, W. Rich, assistant surgeon, has been ordered to Fort Slocum, N. Y., for duty with the detachment of recruits destined to the Philippines. Contract Surgeon G. L. Hicks, at Cambridge, Md., has been ordered to Fort Totten, N. Y., for temporary duty.

Col. A. S. Kimball, assistant quartermaster general, in addition to his present duties will assume charge of the repairs to transports and the care and disposition of the

ports and the care and disposition of the same in connection with the transport service in New York city, relieving Capt. C. A.

Infantry Ordered to San Francisco. The 2d Battalion of the 15th Infantry has been ordered from Madison barracks, N. Y., to San Francisco, Cal.

Stop Quibbling.

From the Kansas City Star. It is about time that the wise men of Congress, both parties of which are responsible for the ratification of the Paris treaty, should give over the quibbling about the ownership and retention of the islands, about "colonialism" and "imperialism," and devote themselves to taking care of what has been acquired as a permanent

International Horse Trades. From the Chicago Inter-Ocean. From the tenor of some of the comments of the London newspapers it would seem that when it comes to horse trades they have not that confidence in us which

NEWS FROM ORIENT

Japan's Budget Expected to Pass Diet Without Opposition.

Foreign Residents of Yokohama

Object to House Tax.

PROPOSAL FOR A BANK

YOKOHAMA, January 21.-The diet is

considering the introduction of several

bills. It is expected that as a result of the

victory of the cabinet over the constitution-

alists, a result due, it is said, to the tele-

graphic instructions of Marquis Ito, presi-

dent of the opposition party, the budget will

be passed by both houses. One of the chief

measures contemplated is a revised bank-

ing bill, designed to prevent the institution

United States citizens here are much in-

erested in a rumor from New York of the

of such an institution. All exchange ef-

American share of the Chinese indemnity

and expenses of fleets and transports in

these waters, together with the transaction

First Port of Japan.

month some 100,000 parcels were sold. This

ing of this port to commerce.

The effect on foreign residents of the

workings of the revised treaties has lately been receiving considerable attention. The

main difficulties remaining between for-eigners and the Japanese government are

n relation to the judiciary systems and the

uestion of the right to exact house tax and

registration fees from holders of property held under the "perpetual lease" clause of the treaties. This house tax question is now exercising the government and the foreign property holders at all the treaty

ports. The English and French residents have secured the support of their home

government in their proposal to force a test case of the question.

American Rights Reserved.

The American contingent, however, seems

to prefer to have its rights reserved by

the home government and to be willing to

pay under protest, if necessary, being as-

sured that all such payments, if proved un-

necessary, will be refunded. The German

residents are divided on the question, which

is likely to be brought to a head before

Sun Yat Sen, the well-known Chinese re

America, recently surprised his followers

they might become educated and inaugurate a campaign of education. Sun, whose kid-naping at the Chinese embassy in London

created a sensation a few years ago, in-

tends to return to China when the Chinese

during April.

The London Dock Charges.

The House committee on interstate and

foreign commerce today heard argument

for and against the repeal of what are

known as the London dock charges, a tax

terms of a bill introduced in the Senate by

Mr. Nelson of Minnesota. This bill was

advocated before the committee by Mr.

John Crosby of Minnesota and Mr. John J.

McKelvey of New York, while Mr. John

J. Hemphill of this city opposed the measure as counsel for the steamship com-

The English parliament has declared

these charges illegal, but the courts have

Congress of Navigation.

today the draft of a bill and a communica

the congress of navigation. The bill pro-

vides that \$3,000 shall be annually appro-

priated to pay the expenses of the delegates

to be appointed to attend the meetings of the international congress of navigation. The bill provides that these delegates shall

not receive a salary, but that their ex-penses shall be paid while in attendance at

Streets for a Speedway.

Mr. Weeks has introduced in the House

bill authorizing and directing the Dis-

trict Commissioners "To set apart certain

streets in the District of Columbia as a

speedway for driving horses and vehicles.

on which the speed shall not be restricted.

as now applies to the streets in general within the city of Washington."

Extension of School Street.

A bill which provides that School street

in Mount Pleasant shall be extended south

from its present terminus to Columbia road

has been introduced in the House by Mr.

Proposed Postal Currency.

A coupen mail currency of five and ten-

cent denominations is provided for in a bill

introduced in the House by Mr. Griffith of

Indiana. The new "shinplasters" are to be

one by two and one-half inches in dimen-sions and issued five to a sheet.

Marine Hospital Service.

to the House today by Dr. Wyman for the

marine hospital service. He proposes that

the official known as hospital steward and chemist in that service be abolished and in place thereof one clerk of class three be

Marine Corps Orders.

First Lieut, Logan Feland has been or

dered to the office of the quartermaster for

temporary duty during the suspension of

work on the new marine barracks at An-

First Lieut, J. C. Muir, to assume charge

of the sub-recruiting office in Pittsburg, Pa.
First Lieut, L. B. Purcell, to Philadelphia
for treatment at the navel hospital.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

The Machias has sailed from Hampton

Roads for Pensacola and the Caesar from

Malta for Port, Said.

A supplemental estimate was transmitted

long.

for his return.

tract.

is said to have been the most prosperous year in the raw silk trade since the open-

of "wild cat" banks.

orrespendence of the Associated Press.

SENATE DISTRICT COMMITTEE.

Favorable Action on Two House Bills Several Adverse Reports. The Senate committee on the District of Columbia held a meeting today, and after a session of an hour and a half ordered reports on several bills of local interest. There were present at the meeting of the committee Senators McMillan, chairman; Hansbrough, Stewart, Dillingham, Martin, DUE TO INFLUENCE OF MARQUIS ITO Heitfeld and Clark of Montana.

Two bills recently passed by the House of

Representatives were ordered to be reported favorably. They are House bill 3740, to grant a quit claim from the United States to Johanna C. Block in lot 1, in square 1113, upon the payment of such a sum as the Secretary of the Interior may consider just and equitable, and House bill 2678, to incorporate the Eastern Star Home for the District of Columbia. The incorporators named in the bill are Alcena Lamond, L. Caball Williamson Loba A Mover John E. named in the bill are Alcena Lamond, L. Cabell Williamson, John A. Moyer, John F. O'N ill, Mary B. O'Key, Annie V. Yeatman, M. Ella Espey, Clara Barnard, Fred J. Randolph, Henry G. Wagner, Grace Holtzclaw and Matilda R. Sprague. The purpose of the incorporation is to provide and maintain under the direction of the Grand Charter of the Grand Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star of the District of Columbia, a home for needy and worthy master Masons in that juris-diction, their needy widows and orphans. The government of the affairs of the corporation will be in the hands of the person named as incorporators and their successors representing the Eastern Star bodies The committee ordered favorable reports on Senate bill 2066 to redeve George W. King from the operation of the alien own-ership law in the District of Columbia, and Senate bill 3243, authorizing the Commissioners to redeem certain certificates of indebtnedness.

possible establishment in Yokohama of an American bank. It is conceded here that Adverse reports were ordered on Senate the Americans suffer severely for the want bills 1454, to increase the salaries of the justices of the courts of the District; 1785 for the relief of the estate of Wm. B. Todd; 1846 for the extension of 5th street in Tafected by American citizens is calculated to inure to the advantage of European bankers, and considering the amortization of the koma Park; 2428, to amend section 42 of the District code in relation to Police Court judges; 3080 for the opening of Elm street from 5th to 7th street, and for the opening of Wilson street from 5th to 7th, and 6th street from Spruce to Pomeroy streets. The committee authorized a favorable re-

of ordinary private business, it is thought that an American bank under American law could not fail to be a sound enterprise. port on Senate bill 3364 to authorize the apportionment of assessments for special im-provements in the District of Columbia. This bill was introduced in the Senate at The year's reports show that Yokohama is again taking her old place as the premier the instance of the Commissioners, the pro-posed legislation being to allow the Comport of Japan. Kobe had that honor last year. One of the causes of the readjustmissioners to subdivide assessments for spe-cial improvements when the land is subment has been the unusually active condition this year of the raw silk trade, a large divided. The adverse report on Senate bill 1454 proportion of which is exported from Yoko-hama. Since the production of the fresh article in June last up to the middle of this

was in view of the fact that the legislation proposed in it is substantially the same as that of Senate bill 3287, "to fix the salaries of certain judges of the United States," which has passed the Senate

An adverse report was ordered on Senate bill 1722, relative to the suit instituted for the protection of the interests of the United States in the Potomac river flats. This action was taken because a bill in almost identical language became a law March 2, 1901

ARMY POSTS AND CAMPS.

Report of the Board Appointed to Consider the Question. The report of the army board appointed to consider the question of the location of military posts and the selection of sites for large army camps was submitted to the Secretary of War this afternoon by Lieut. Col. Samuel Reber, aid-de-camp to Lieut. Gen. Miles and recorder of the board. The board concluded its deliberations Tuesday and adjourned sine die. The delay in the submission of the formal report was due to the necessity of completing certain tabular statements which were to accompany it

This work was intrusted to Col. Reber, and was finished only this morning. was finished only this morning.

Whether the report will be made public or not will depend entirely upon the wishes of the President and the Secretary of War. Until they reach a decision in the matter the contents of the report will be closely guarded as an official secret.

There has been considerable speculation former and revolutionist, who is now in by intimating that he would henceforth abandon violent methods of reform in China, would disband the secret society of which he is the head, and distribute its

regarding the recommendations of the board, but the accuracy of these rumors cannot be determined until the report itself of these rumors is that Gen. Miles has reported against the establishment of military posts near large cities on the alleged ground that such action would be considered a menace to organized labor The one thing definitely known with regard to the board is that it was entirely

The representative of the Emperor of Ja-pan, at the forthcoming coronation of King Edward, will be Prince Komatsa, who has narmonious in its action, and that each of its recommendations was unanimous. The report itself is comparatively brief and is twice been to Europe and is well known to confined to a single recommendation in the the British royal family. He will be ac-companied by a suite of high officials of the case of each military post considered by the board, and also in the case of each of the four military camps. It is accompanied, repertal household department and prominent military and naval officers, and will however, by a greater mass of appendices which include all the correspondence had Rev. R. S. Toy, a Chicago evangelist is by the board with individuals, corporaholding meetings in Yokohama on his way around the world. He expects to take in tions and municipalities in regard to the posts in various parts of the country.

LUMBERMEN HEARD.

Appeared Before the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee.

The interstate commerce committee of the Senate held a meeting today, but did not consider Senator Elkins' pooling bill. of 1 shilling and 9 pence a ton for docking The committee heard the statements of a freight from the United States on London delegation of lumbermen of the northwest, docks, and which are repealed by the representing the Lumber Dealers' Association. The members of this delegation came interstate commerce commission, and took advantage of their presence to make a series of statements to the interstate com merce committee of the Senate on the subject of what they claim are unjustifiable freight rate discriminations by railroads in the northwest in the handling of lumber.

sustained them as being part of a con-Sewer Construction Ordered The District Commissioners have issued orders as follows: That sewer be constructed along the Secretary Hay transmitted to the House north side of Decatur Place from 22d street westward 360 feet, at an estimated cost of tion from the Secretary of War relating to

> tion for suburban sewers. That sewer be constructed along the north side of Georgia avenue between 3d and 4th streets and in the alley of square 802, at an estimated cost of \$447, chargeable to the current appropriation for main

\$680, chargeable to the current appropria-

Actors' Club Incorporated. Articles of inco rporation of the Actors' Club of Washington, D. C., were placed on record today. The stated purposes of the organization are to provide a meeting place for theatrical and business men, to cultivate and promote sociability among them

of its members. Messrs. John T. Sullivan, G. V. Knox, Louis M. Fitch, Charles Wyngate and Joseph Luckett are the incorporators. Terrible March Costs Another Life. Another one of the marines with Major Waller during his terrible march across the Island of Samar is dead. A cablegram re-

tions contracted on that march.

Cavalry for Athletic Tournament der, modifying a former one, and directing that a troop of the 2d Cavairy, not to exceed sixty men, mounted and with a proper complement of officers, be sent to the Military Athletic League tournament, to be held in Madison Square Garden, in New York city, from March 24 to 29 next, in place of the troop of the 2d Cavairy which was to have been sent from Fort Myer, Va.

ment, collector of customs at Havana, who was summoned to this city by the House ways and means committee to give information regarding industrial conditions in Cuba, has left here to spend a few days with his family in Philadelphia, at the condustry of which he will return to his next clusion of which he will return to his post at Hayana.

Killed Wife and Tried Suicide. TOPEKA, Kans., February 7 .- Because she was about to secure a divorce from him, John Kay, employed in a flour mill, beat his wife to death with a fistiron and then attempted to hang himself from a sung and the Concord at More Island. | before life was extinct and revived. | 5 per cents, registered, 1004.......... 106 | 107 | evening to deliver an address before the before life was extinct and revived. | 5 per cents, coupon, 1904........ 106 | 107 | Woman's Suffrage Association of that city.

ARISES OVER DEBATE ON NAVAL ES-

TIMATES. Admiral von Tripits and Herr Bebel

Have a Lively Exchange

BERLIN, February 7 .- The secretary of

the admiralty, Admiral von Tirpitz, opened

the debate in the reichstag today on the naval estimates. He said the government hoped it would not have to ask for further credits to meet this year's expenditure. Referring to the secret memorandum, published by the Vorwaerts, January 29, to the effect that when the present shipbuilding program expires, in 1904, a new bill, containing the clauses of the bill of 1900, which was rejected by the reichstag, would be introduced, the secretary indignantly repudiated the charge of deceiving the reichstag. He explained that the financial features of the memorandum, which merely reflected the ideas of the admiralty, would, in any case, have to be finally approved by the reichstag and would only involve an addi-

tional amount of 2,000,000 marks annually

oward the systematic construction of a

fighting fleet.

Herr Bebel, the socialist leader, who followed von Tirpitz, said it was quite evident the secretary had not told the reichstag the whole truth. If he had done so the naval bill would not have been voted. Herr Bebel asked if it was a fact that the government intended to keep in commission, on the east Asiatic station for eight sion, on the east Asiatic station, for eight years to come, four battle ships and a coresponding number of cruisers and gun-

This question brought the secretary to his eet with the remark that Herr Bebel evidently knew the tenor of the portion of the stolen memorandum which was not published by the Vorwaerts, and he called on him to name the person who purloined

RULE TO SHOW CAUSE. Court Grants Petition of National

Phonograph Company. The National Phonograph Company, of which William Gilmore is president, late this afternoon, through Attorneys R. Ross Perry & Son, petitioned the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to compel Frederick I. Allen, commissioner of patents, by writ of mandamus, to reinstate certain "public use" proceedings and to proceed therein when reinstated in accordance with the established practice of the office of the commissioner of patents. On the equity side of the court, the same petitioner asked that the commissioner of

patents be restrained from further proceeding, with the hearing of a certain patent application made by Thomas H. Macdon-The cases filed today grew out of the protest of the .. ational Phonograph Company against the issue of a patent to Lem F. Douglass, on an application for a talking machine. It is stated that the company was ordered to notify the patent office, and

Macdonald, of the names of witnesses and the place where they could be examined in connection with the protest.

An order was issued the 5th instant by the Commissioners setting aside the public use proceeding and remanding Macdonald's application for consideration and action on the ground that the company was apparently not willing to produce the witnesses to the alleged public use for examination. It is asserted by the petitioner that the action of the Commissioners constitutes an

attempt to deprive the company of its legal Justice Bradley has directed the commis sioner of Patents to show cause the 21st instant why the writ should not issue. The commissioner was also restrained by the ccurt, as asked, until the 21st instant.

Mrs. Dennis' Condition Unchanged. There was practically no change in the condition of Mrs. Ada Gilbert Dennis today Her attending physicians were at the hospital about noon, as usual, as were Detectives Hartigan and Horne. The detectives have a faint hope that Mrs. Dennis will resome information regarding the murde assault upon her.

Building Permits Issued. Buildings permits were issued today a

follows: Burton Macafee, to build four two-story and cellar brick dwellings at 1637 to 1643 Rosedale street northeast; cost, \$3,800. Christian Heurich, to build a two-story. warehouse and wagon shed at 501 26th street northwest; cost, \$20,000. Trustees Fourth Presbyterian Church, repairs to 708 9th street northwest; cost, \$59. Wm. J. Graham, repairs to 1127-1129 2d street southeast, and 1128-1130 New Jersey

Mrs. J. A. Jones, repairs to 665 E street southwest; cost, \$10. Sentence of Two Years Imposed. In the case of William Mitchell, convicted of second offense petit larceny, Justice Anderson, in Criminal Court No. 1, today overruled a motion in arrest of judgment, and sentenced the defendant to imprisonment in the penitentiary at Moundsville, W. Va., for two years.

evenue southeast; cost. \$50.

Dr. Kirby, Union Veteran, Dead. Dr. Edmund W. Kirby, a veteran of the civil war, died today at his residence, No. 620 G street northwest, aged seventy years. Dr. Kirby was chaplain in the 3d Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was a mem-ber of Burnside Post, G. A. R. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—Regular call, 12 o'clock m.—Chesapeake and Potomac 5s, \$1,000 at 104%. Union Trust and Storage Co., 10 at 107%. Capital Traction, 10 at 109%, 10 at 109%, 8 at 109%, 20 at 109%, 4 at 109%. Mergenthaler Linotype, 10 at 174, 2 at 174, 10 at 174. Lansten Monotype, 50 at 11%. After call—Capital Traction, 20 at 109%, 10 at 100%, 3 at 109%, 40 at 100%, 10 at 109%. Washington Gas, 15 at 73%. Greene Copper, 100 at 28%, 20 at 28%, Lansten Monotype, 25 at 11%, 50 at 11%, 50 at 11%. This interface of Columbia Bonds—3.65s, funding, 123% bid. Railroad Bonds-Capital Traction 4s, 108 bid. and for the moral and social improvement

ceived at the Navy Department today re-ports that Private M. McKenzie died at Tacloban February 1 from liver complicaraders', 135 bid. 148 asked. Lincoln, 125 bid. 150 ked. Riggs, 680 bid. 750 asked.
Insurance Stocks—Firemen's, 25 bid. Franklin, bid. 50% asked. Metropolitan, 75 bid. 85 asked. 1. Corcoran, 62 bid. Potomac, 60 bid. 68 asked. Filington, 28% bid. 28% asked. German American, 50 bid. National Union, 7% bid. 5% asked. Commbia, 10% bid. 11% asked. Eiggs, 7% bid. 8 sked. People's, 5½ bid. 6½ asked. Commercial, bid. 5 asked. Colonial, 117 asked.
Colonial, 117 asked.
Title Insurance Stocks—Columbia Title, 4% bid. ashington Gas, 72½ bid, 75 ask Gas, 78 bid,

# BREEZE IN THE REICHSTAG FINANCE AND TRADE

Stocks Held Up in Spite of Realizing Sales.

THERE WAS BEAR SELLING. TOO

The Bank Statement for Tomorrow Arouses Some Doubts.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, February 7.-The undertone

of today's stock market was decidedly firm in spite of the fact that realizing sales were noticeable in numerous active issues. Traders sold stocks to take profits on the theory that the evening up of contracts at the end of the week would force some recession. The gold shipments and their influence on tomorrow's bank statement were factors in the selling movement also.

The known movement of money during the week indicates a gain of \$2,785,865 to the banks, reducing the net loss on account of gold exports to \$1,282,135. The loan item is expected to show a further increase, and it is in this connection that the statement is likely to be the least satisfactory. '1..e banks and the country generally can spare gold, but the continual increase in the item of loans must end abruptly some time, and with unpleasant consequences, unless attention be given to a careful restriction of the privilege.

Bankers are confident that the banks are conservatively strong and that there has been no expansion of credits to anything approaching a danger point. The leading banking interests represented in the present stock market activity predict easy money and an increased supply for some time The best buying today was in the high

priced railway shares of known value. Illinois Central gained 2 per cent, and there was a suggestion that there was some connection between the demand for this stock and that for Iowa Central issues. Big Four was strong under a splendid demand, selling ex-dividend 2 per cent and regaining that amount under new buying. All the Vanderbilt issues reflect a reviving interest and the stocks respond willingly to the more or less significant in side buying. Atchison issues were in better demand than at any time of recent date, and a fairsized short interest covered in the common stock. The effects of the bond issue are wearing off and the big earnings inspire new confidence. Denver and Rio Grande is-

sues were more active than usual and som rather good buying went into the preferred stock. Missouri Pacific, Wabash and even Texas Pacific gave signs of new interest, thus bringing the Gould issues again into Southern Pacific was supported within a fraction of 65 during the entire day, the pool permitting realizing, but shrewdiy postponing the advance until the desire to realize had run its course. Union Pacific was kept around 103 without giving an in-dication of its probable direction from

those figures once an increased volume of business comes in. The Traction issues were erratic under liberal dealings, but stock seemed to be supplied at the high prices. Without artificial devices there is little likelihood of the proposed consolidation plan giving any of the stocks concerned a materially higher

Sugar was run up to 130 during the morning on further assurances from Washing-ton on the subject of Cuban bounties. The rise was too sharp to suit the plans of the pool and 1 per cent was almost im-Copper was irregular, but in the main heavy under dealings similar in character to those which have given direction to the price movement since the beginning

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

New York Stock Market. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, Washington stock exchange and Chicago board of trade.

Amalgamated Copper....

74% 28% 87% 721/4 284/4 871/4 Am, Car & Foundry..... Am, Car & Foundry,pfd 287 8 871 4 American Ice..... American Smelting... Amer Smelting..pfd... 47% 4734 4634 American Sugar. 1279 331/2 771/2 971/2 Atchison, Top. a S. Fe... Atch., Top. a S. Fe, pfd... Faltimore & Ohio. .... Faltimore & Ohio. pid... 961/4 Brooklyn Rap, Transit... Central of New Jersey ... hicagolireat Western Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul Chicago, Rock I. & P.... Colorado Fuel and Iron. onsolidated Gas.
Delaware and Hudson
Lrie common
Lrie, 1st pfd.
Erie, 2d pfd Metropolitan St. Ry. Mo., K. and T., pfd... Missouri Pacific..... National Lead New York Central. N, Y., Ontario & West.... Nortolk and Western.... Pacific Mail Steamship. Pennsylvania R R.

Reading, 1st pfd. Republic Steel & Iron... Rubber Goods.... Southern Railway. Tenn. Coal and Iron..... Texas Pacific..... Union Pacific. Leather pfd... Wabash, pfd...

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets CHICAGO, February 7.—Grain:
Open. High.
Whent—May 78% 78%
July 78% 63%
Corn—May 63% 63%
Oats—1 8 44% 44%
July 88% 38% CHICAGO.